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Title: Super large mobile solar container outdoor power

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I wrote the following code. When I try to run it as at the end of the file I get this stacktrace: `AttributeError: "super" object has no attribute do_something` class Parent: def ...

The automatic insertion of `super()` by the compiler allows this. Enforcing `super` to appear first, enforces that constructor bodies are executed in the correct order which would ...

`super()` is a special use of the `super` keyword where you call a parameterless parent constructor. In general, the `super` keyword can be used to call overridden methods, ...

I'm currently learning about class inheritance in my Java course and I don't understand when to use the `super()` call? Edit: I found this example of code where `super.variable` is used: `class A { ...`

As for chaining `super::super`, as I mentioned in the question, I have still to find an interesting use to that. For now, I only see it as a hack, but it was worth mentioning, if only for the differences ...

What is the difference between `List<T> super T` and `List<T> extends T`? I used to use `List<T> extends T`, but it does not allow me to add elements to it `list.add(e)`, whereas the `Li...`

The one without `super` hard-codes its parent's method - thus it has restricted the behavior of its method, and subclasses cannot inject functionality in the call chain. The one ...

In fact, multiple inheritance is the only case where `super()` is of any use. I would not recommend using it with classes using linear inheritance, where it's just useless overhead.

`super()` lets you avoid referring to the base class explicitly, which can be nice. But the main advantage comes

with multiple inheritance, where all sorts of fun stuff can happen.

"super" object has no attribute "__sklearn_tags__". This occurs when I invoke the fit method on the RandomizedSearchCV object. I suspect it could be related to compatibility ...

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